a first dielectric material having a first dielectric constant;

a second dielectric material having a second dielectric constant different from the first

dielectric constant; and

the first and second dielectric materials being scalable for a feature size technology.

- 9. The transistor of claim 8, wherein the second dielectric of the gate dielectric has a dielectric constant greater than the first dielectric constant.
- 10. The transistor of claim 8, wherein the first material of the gate dielectric has a first thickness and the second material of the gate dielectric has a second thickness, the combination of the first thickness and the second thickness defining a total thickness less than one-third of the length of the transistor gate.
- 11. The transistor of claim 8, wherein the first material thickness and the second material thickness are determined by the relationship

$$t_1/k_1 + t_2/k_2 = t_{OX}/k_{OX}$$

wherein

t₁ is the first material thickness,

t2 is the second material thickness,

tox is the minimum thickness for a gate dielectric of silicon dioxide for a chosen

gate length,

k1 is the dielectric constant for the first dielectric material,

k2 is the dielectric constant for the second dielectric material, and

k_{OX} is the dielectric constant of silicon dioxide.

- 12. (Amended) The transistor of claim 8, wherein the first gate dielectric material is selected from one of HfO₂ and ZrO₂.
- 13. The gate dielectric of claim 8, wherein the second dielectric material is selected from one of BST and PZT.

- 14. The gate dielectric of claim 8, further comprising a third dielectric material having a third dielectric constant.
- 15. (Twice Amended) An apparatus comprising:

a semiconductor substrate having a transistor device formed thereon, the transistor device having a gate dielectric disposed directly between a surface of the substrate and a gate electrode comprising:

- a first dielectric material having a first dielectric constant;
- a second dielectric material having a second dielectric constant different from the first dielectric constant; and

the first and second dielectrical materials being scalable for a feature size technology.

- 16. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the second dielectric constant is greater than the first dielectric constant.
- 17. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the first material has a first thickness and the second material has a second thickness, the combination of the first thickness and the second thickness defining a total thickness less than one-third of the length of a transistor gate adapted to overly the gate dielectric.
- 18. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the first material thickness and the second material thickness are determined by the relationship

$$t_1/k_1 + t_2/k_2 = t_{ox}/k_{ox}$$

wherein

t₁ is the first material thickness,

t₂ is the second material thickness,

tox is the minimum thickness for a gate dielectric of silicon dioxide for a chosen

gate length,

k₁ is the dielectric constant for the first dielectric material,

k2 is the dielectric constant for the second dielectric material, and

k_{ox} is the dielectric constant of silicon dioxide.

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- 19. (Amended) The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the first gate dielectric material is selected from one of HfO₂, BaO, La₂O₃, Y₂O₃, and ZrO₂.
- 20. The apparatus of claim 15, wherein the second dielectric material is selected from one of BST and PZT.
- 21. The apparatus of claim 15, further comprising a third dielectric material having a third dielectric constant.